ASSEMBLY RESOLUTION No. 230

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

218th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MARCH 5, 2019

Sponsored by:

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District 16 (Hunterdon, Mercer, Middlesex and Somerset)
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SYNOPSIS

Urges federal government to ratify Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons and pursue other measures to reduce danger of nuclear war.

As introduced.

- 1 AN ASSEMBLY RESOLUTION urging the federal government to 2 pursue a broad range of measures to reduce the danger of nuclear 3 war and to ratify the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear 4 Weapons. 5 6 WHEREAS, Nuclear weapons are the most destructive weapons ever 7 created by mankind, with immense destructive capacity and 8 lingering radiation effects after detonation; and 9 WHEREAS, More than ninety percent of these weapons are in the 10 hands of the United States and Russia, and the rest are held by 11 seven other countries: China, France, Israel, India, Pakistan, North
- Korea, and the United Kingdom; and 12 WHEREAS, Since the height of the Cold War, the United States has 13 14 reduced its active weapons by more than 25,000 nuclear warheads, 15 but about 4,000 still exist, almost 2,000 of which are on alert for 16 use at short notice; and
- 17 WHEREAS, A large-scale nuclear war would cause hundreds of millions of casualties and cause unimaginable environmental 18 19 damage, and create catastrophic climate disruption by dropping 20 temperatures across the planet to levels that would cause crop failures and mass starvation; and 21
- 22 WHEREAS, Under current U.S. law, the President has the authority to 23 unilaterally initiate the use of a nuclear weapon; and
- 24 WHEREAS, The power of the United States' stockpile of nuclear 25 weapons is too devastating and the result of their use to irrevocable 26 to be left to the sole authority of the President; and
- 27 WHEREAS, Renouncing the option of launching a first strike with nuclear weapons would reduce tension and make a nuclear 28 29 exchange between the United States and another country less likely; 30
- 31 WHEREAS, These weapons are placed on hair-trigger alert, meaning that the likelihood of an accidental launch or a launch as a result of 32 33 an international misunderstanding is highly possible; and
- 34 WHEREAS, The planned expenditure of about \$500 billion over the 35 next decade to maintain and enhance our nuclear arsenal, including by developing and deploying new nuclear weapons and broadening 36 37 the conditions for use, will not only increase the risk of nuclear disaster, but fuel a global arms race and divert crucial resources 38 39 needed to assure the well-being of the American people and people 40 all over the world; and
- WHEREAS, The Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons was 41 42 adopted by the United Nations in July of 2017 and, to date, has 43 been signed by 70 countries, and prohibits the development, testing, 44 production, stockpiling, transfer, use, and threat of use of nuclear 45 weapons, and sets out procedures for nuclear-armed signatories to 46 destroy their existing nuclear stockpile; and
- 47 WHEREAS, The United States, as well as the other nuclear weapon 48 states, are not yet signatories to this treaty; and

AR230 ZWICKER, FREIMAN

WHEREAS, These actions would be a major step toward eliminating the existence of nuclear weapons, which pose an intolerable risk to human survival, especially if the United States pursues an agreement among nuclear-armed states to eliminate their arsenals; now, therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED by the General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. The General Assembly of the State of New Jersey urges the federal government to spearhead a global effort to prevent nuclear war by renouncing the option of using nuclear weapons first, ending the President's sole authority to launch a nuclear attack, taking U.S. nuclear weapons off hair-trigger alert, and canceling the plan to replace its entire nuclear arsenal with enhanced weapons, and actively pursue a verifiable agreement among nuclear-armed states to eliminate their nuclear arsenals.

2. The General Assembly of the State of New Jersey urges the President and the Senate of the United States to ratify the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons.

3. Copies of this resolution, as filed with the Secretary of State, shall be transmitted by the Clerk of the General Assembly to the President of the United States, the Majority and Minority Leaders of the United States Senate, the Speaker and Minority Leader of the United States House of Representatives, and each member of Congress elected thereto from New Jersey.

STATEMENT

This resolution urges the federal government to pursue a broad range of measures to reduce the danger of nuclear war and to ratify the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons. The treaty would prohibit signatories from developing, arming themselves with, or using nuclear weapons. The resolution also calls on the federal government to renounce the option of using nuclear weapons first, end the President's sole authority to launch a nuclear attack, take their nuclear arsenal off hair-trigger alert, and cancel their plan to replace the entire arsenal with enhanced weapons.

The effects of nuclear war would be catastrophic for the world, and would include massive numbers of casualties, environmental devastation and destruction of the food supply through a nuclear winter effect. By taking these steps, the United States would commit to a process of dismantling its stockpile of nuclear weapons.